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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/600,824	09/08/2000	Gerard Joseph Wilson	CASM115748	2077
26389	7590 12/20/2001			
CHRISTENSEN, O'CONNOR, JOHNSON, KINDNESS, PLLC 1420 FIFTH AVENUE SUITE 2800			EXAMINER	
			KAO, CHIH-CHENG G	
SEATTLE, WA 98101-2347			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2882	
			DATE MAILED: 12/20/2001	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Na Na				
		Application No.	plicant(s)			
		09/600,824	WILSON ET AL.			
	Offic Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Chih-Cheng Glen Kao	2882			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communications reply	on appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address			
THE - External control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CONTROL (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days to period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a replon. In a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTI statute, cause the application to become ABA	oly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)[Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4) 🖂)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠	☑ Claim(s) <u>37</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	6) Claim(s) 1,4-7,13,16 and 29-33 is/are rejected.					
7)🖂	Claim(s) 2.3.8-12.14.15.17-28 and 34-36 is/are objected to.					
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Exa	miner.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 September 2000</u> is/are: a)□ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ne Examiner.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13)🖂	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	oreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)	☑ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority docu	ments have been received in Ap	plication No			
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do	·				
a) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for do	e provisional application has bee	en received.			
ر ای <i>طار</i> د ا Attachmen	•	moduo priority undor oo o.o.o. g	3 120 GHG/OF 12 F.			
1) 🔯 Notic 2) 🔲 Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	8) 5) Notice of Inf	Immary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4) because reference character "56" in Figure 8 has been used to designate both the user's eye and the virtual image. Correction is required.

Specification

- 2. This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.
- 3. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout and content for patent applications.

Arrangement of the Specification

- (a) Title of the Invention.
- (b) Cross-Reference to Related Applications.
- (c) Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research or Development.
- (d) Reference to a "Sequence Listing," a table, or a computer program listing appendix submitted on compact disc (see 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5)).
- (e) Background of the Invention.
 - 1. Field of the Invention.
 - 2. Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) Brief Summary of the Invention.
- (g) Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s).
- (h) Detailed Description of the Invention.
- (i) Claim or Claims (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) Drawings.
- (l) Sequence Listing, if on paper (see 37 CFR 1.821-1.825).

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Claim Objections

4. Claims 8-12 and 17-28 are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from any other multiple dependent claim.

See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claims have not been further treated on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claims 1, 4, 13, 29, 30, and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jackson (WO 94/29119). Jackson discloses a security document and method of verifying the document (Title) including a first at least partially transparent portion and an optical projection element (Fig. 5a) for positioning at a collimated directional light beam source to verify an image onto a viewing surface (Fig. 4b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson as applied to claim 4 in view of Knight et al. (US 5,678,863). Jackson discloses a device as recited above. However, Jackson does not specifically disclose a laser, point-of-sale bar code scanner device.

Knight et al. teaches a bar code (Fig. 7).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in art at the time the invention was made, to use a bar code scanner with the bar code of Knight for the device of Jackson, since it is well known in the art that bar code scanners are used for bar codes and are considered functionally equivalent to a light source in that they both emit electromagnetic radiation. One of ordinary skill in the art would have found it obvious to substitute a light source for the bar code scanner motivated by high-speed use as shown by Knight et al. (col. 5, line 64).

7. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson as applied to claim 13 above. Jackson discloses a device as recited above. However, Jackson does not specifically disclose diffraction in the particular invention above.

On the other hand, Jackson further discloses in the prior art, diffraction gratings used as optical projection elements (Page 1, lines 12-16).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to include the diffracting optical projection elements with the device of Jackson, since one would be motivated to have a security device that was difficult to produce (Page 1, lines 12-19).

8. Claim 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson as applied to claim 30 above. Jackson discloses a method as recited above. However Jackson does not specifically disclose white light.

The Examiner takes Official Notice that white light can be collimated light.

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the white light with the method of Jackson, since it is considered conventional to use white light as collimated light. This is exemplified by verifying a security document under normal lighting. One would be motivated to use white light, since it is readily available in any place that is lighted by normal lighting.

9. Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jackson as applied to claim 29 above, and further in view of Nagase (US Patent 5,892,239). Jackson discloses a method as recited above. However, Jackson does not specifically disclose a collimator between a light source and optical projection element.

Nagase teaches a collimator (Fig. 1, #6).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the collimator of Nagase between the light source and optical projection element for the method of Jackson, since one would be motivated to verify with high accuracy as shown by Nagase (col. 1, lines 34-35).

Allowable Subject Matter

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10. Claim 37 is allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Prior art does not disclose or fairly suggest a folded security document such that the second at least partially transparent portion is placed between the light source and the optical projection element in order that the light beam from the light beam source passing through the second at least partially transparent portion is substantially collimated light in combination with all the limitations in the claim.

Claims 2, 3, 14, 15, and 34-36 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Regarding claim 2, prior art does not disclose or fairly suggest including an opacifying portion and folding the document to impinge the pattern on the opacifying portion in combination with all the limitations in the claim and base claim.

Regarding claim 14, prior art does not disclose or fairly suggest including an opacifying portion for impingement of the patterned beam thereupon in combination with all the limitations in the claim and base claim.

Regarding claim 34, prior art does not disclose or fairly suggest the screen constituted by an opacifying portion of the security document in combination with all the limitation in the claim, intervening claims, and the base claim.

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Regarding claim 35, prior are does not disclose or fairly suggest the window constituted

by a second at least partially transparent portion of the document in combination with all the

limitations in the claim, intervening claims and the base claim.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Chih-Cheng Glen Kao whose telephone number is (703) 605-

5298. The examiner can normally be reached on M - Th (8 am to 5 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Robert Kim can be reached on (703) 305-3492. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular

communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

gk

December 5, 2001

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800

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